

17508

21819

3 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.

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- Instructions* – (1) All Questions are *Compulsory*.
- (2) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- (5) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.

Marks

1. a) **Attempt any THREE of the following:** **12**
- (i) List any eight essential features of effective protective system.
- (ii) Draw diagram of
- 1) Busbar reactor
 - 2) Generator reactor
 - 3) Feeder reactor.
- (iii) Define TSM and PSM in relays.
- (iv) Name internal and external causes of system overvoltages.

P.T.O.

b) Attempt any ONE of the following:

6

- (i) Fig. No. 1 shows single line diagram of three phase system. The percentage reactance of each alternator is based on its own capacity. Find short circuit current that will flow into a complete three phase short circuit at 'A'

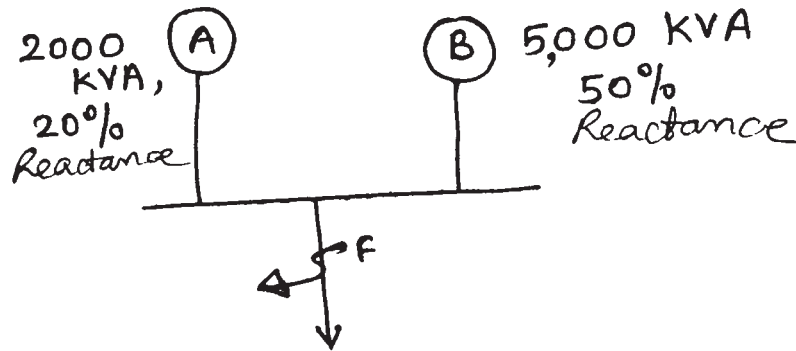


Fig. No. 1

- (ii) Draw the circuit diagram of biased differential protection of Δ/λ transformer.

2. Attempt any FOUR of the following:

16

- a) Define
- Arcing time
 - Recovery time
 - Arcing voltage
 - Rate of rise of restriking voltage.
- b) Draw a neat labeled constructional diagram of vertical type break isolator.
- c) Explain basic principle of lightning arrestor and enlist different types of lightning.
- d) Give any four differences between equipment earthing and neutral earthing.
- e) Whether MCB is operated for earth fault? Give reason.
- f) List the difficulties experienced in differential relay in alternator protection. How are they overcome?

- 3. Attempt any FOUR of the following:** **16**
- a) Explain arcing phenomenon in circuit breaker.
 - b) Distinguish between circuit breaker and isolator.
 - c) With a neat diagram explain the working of static over current relay.
 - d) Describe the operation of Buchholz relay with principle and installation.
 - e) A 3 phase transformer of 220 V/11 KV line volts is connected in λ/Δ . The protective transformer on 220 V side have current ratio of 600/5. What should be the CT ratio on 11 KV side?
- 4. a) Attempt any THREE of the following:** **12**
- (i) Draw a neat labeled diagram of Merz Price protection scheme for an alternator.
 - (ii) With neat sketch explain Thyrite type Lightning Arrestor.
 - (iii) "ELCB is must for an residential installation". Justify the statement.
 - (iv) Explain time graded over current protection for ring main system of busbar.
- b) Attempt any ONE of the following:** **6**
- (i) Explain what is single phasing of 3 ϕ I.M? Draw a neat circuit diagram of single phase preventer.
 - (ii) Explain differential protection for busbar with diagram.

- 5. Attempt any FOUR of the following:** **16**
- a) Explain construction and working of HRC fuse with diagram.
 - b) State methods for arc extinction and explain working of any one method with neat circuit diagram
 - c) With the help of neat sketch, explain principle of operation and working of induction type overcurrent relay.
 - d) With neat sketch, explain watt-hr-meter structure of induction type relay.
 - e) Draw neat sketch of induction type reverse power relay and explain its working.
 - f) Compare electromechanical relay and static relay.
- 6. Attempt any FOUR of the following:** **16**
- a) Draw figure for restricted earth fault protection scheme for transformer.
 - b) Explain why the secondary of a CT should not be open circuited?
 - c) Explain how negative sequence current are set up in an alternator? Draw protective scheme for same.
 - d) Explain over heating protection scheme of 3 phase transformer.
 - e) Explain with neat sketch the operation of attracted armature type relay. State two advantages.
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